

# Supplemental Information for “Interference in Floquet-Volkov transitions”

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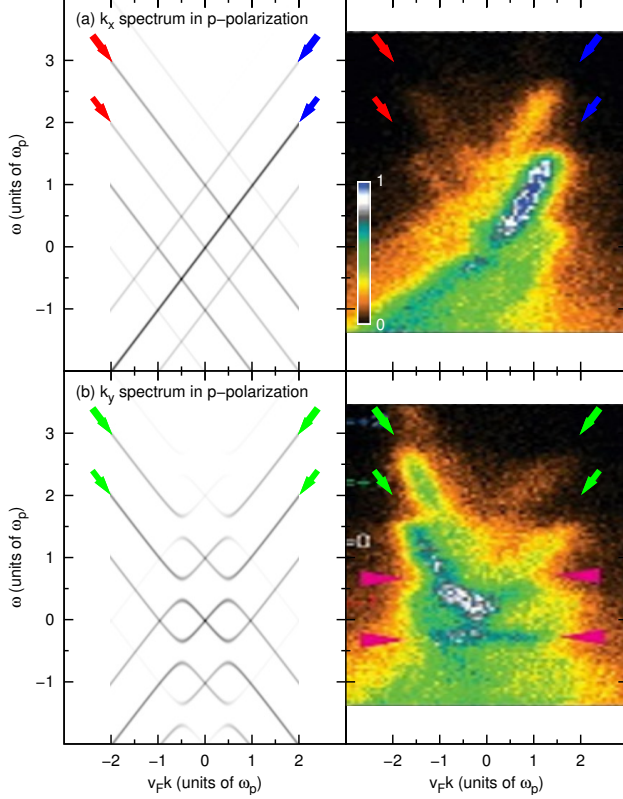


FIG. S.1. Momentum-resolved photoemission spectra from Floquet states in *p*-polarization. Right panel taken from Science 342, 453 (2013). Reprinted with permission from AAAS (license number: 3426061154477).

Figs. S.1 and S.2 side-by-side compare the theoretical predictions to the experimental observations. Note that there is an asymmetry in photoemission spectra due to the “the coupling between the photoionization UV laser and the spin-orbit texture”, making  $+k_x$  and  $-k_y$  portion for  $n = 0$  much stronger than their opposite signed momentum components. Therefore, only the relative ratio between  $n = 0$  and  $n = +1$  at each  $k$  should be compared for the Floquet-Volkov interference. Red, green, and blue arrows denote where the relative intensity of the side band is stronger, intermediate, and weaker, respectively, due to the Floquet-Volkov interference. For example, in Fig. S.1(a) right panel,  $I_{+1}$  is comparable to  $I_0$  at  $k_x < 0$  whereas  $I_{+1}$  is smaller than  $I_0$  approximately

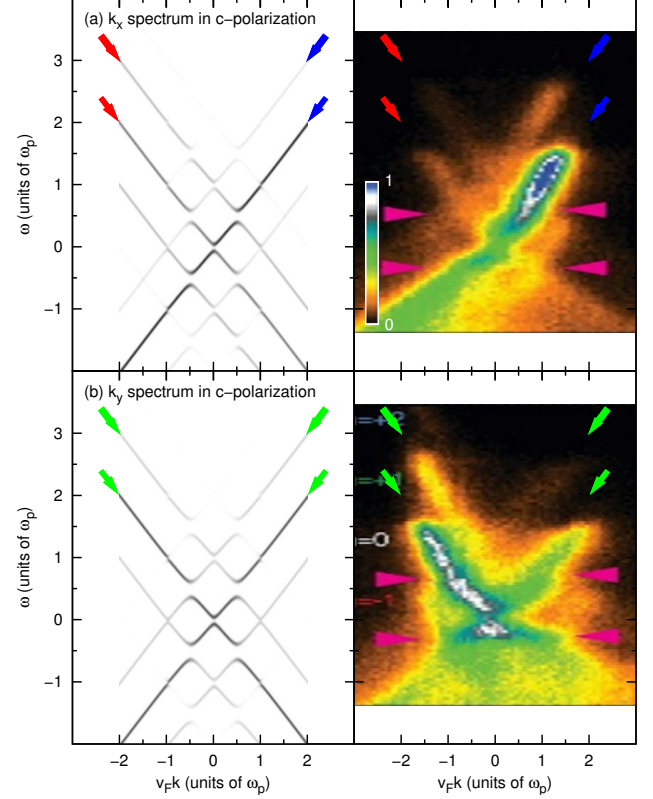


FIG. S.2. Momentum-resolved photoemission spectra from Floquet states in *c*-polarization. Right panel taken from Science 342, 453 (2013). Reprinted with permission from AAAS (license number: 3426061154477).

by a factor of 4, according to the false color scale. In Fig. S.1(b) right panel,  $I_{+1}/I_0$  should be identical at  $k_y < 0$  and  $k_y > 0$ , which seems to be the case by a visual inspection:  $I_0$  and  $I_{+1}$  are false-color-marked in blue and green for  $k_y < 0$  and green and yellow for  $k_y > 0$ , and blue, green, and yellow correspond to 1, 0.5, and 0.25, respectively, in the false-color scale. Similarly, in Fig. S.2(a) right panel,  $I_{+1}$  is comparable to  $I_0$  at  $k_x < 0$  whereas  $I_{+1}$  is smaller than  $I_0$  at least by a factor of 5, according to the false color scale. In Fig. S.2(b) right panel,  $I_{+1}/I_0$  should also be identical at  $k_y < 0$  and  $k_y > 0$ . However, the assessment above is only visual and qualitative, and a further analysis of the raw data will be needed for a quantitative comparison.

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